

Your TA, Section # and Section time:

Your name:

# Cornell TAM/ENGRD 2030

# Prelim 2

March 29, 2011

No calculators, books or notes allowed.

3 Problems, 90 minutes (+ up to 90 minutes overtime)

## How to get the highest score?

Please do these things:

- ↙ • Draw **Free body diagrams** whenever force, moment, linear momentum, or angular momentum balance are used.
- Use correct **vector notation**.
- A+ Be (I) neat, (II) clear and (III) well organized.
- TIDILY REDUCE and box in your answers (Don't leave simplifiable algebraic expressions).
- >> Make appropriate Matlab code clear and correct.  
You can use shortcut notation like " $T_7 = 18$ " instead of, say, " $T(7) = 18$ ".  
Small syntax errors will have small penalties.
- ↗ Clearly **define** any needed dimensions ( $\ell, h, d, \dots$ ), coordinates ( $x, y, r, \theta \dots$ ), variables ( $v, m, t, \dots$ ), base vectors ( $\hat{i}, \hat{j}, \hat{e}_r, \hat{e}_\theta, \hat{\lambda}, \hat{n} \dots$ ) and signs ( $\pm$ ) with sketches, equations or words.
- **Justify** your results so a grader can distinguish an informed answer from a guess.
- ➔ If a problem seems *poorly defined*, clearly state any reasonable assumptions (that do not oversimplify the problem).
- ≈ Work for **partial credit** (from 60–100%, depending on the problem)
  - Put your answer is in terms of well defined variables even if you have not substituted in the numerical values.
  - Reduce the problem to a clearly defined set of equations to solve.
  - Provide Matlab code which would generate the desired answer (and explain the nature of the output).
- **Extra sheets.** Put your name on each extra sheet, fold it in, and refer to it at the relevant problem.  
Note the last page is **blank** for your use. Ask for more extra paper if you need it.

Problem 4:          /25

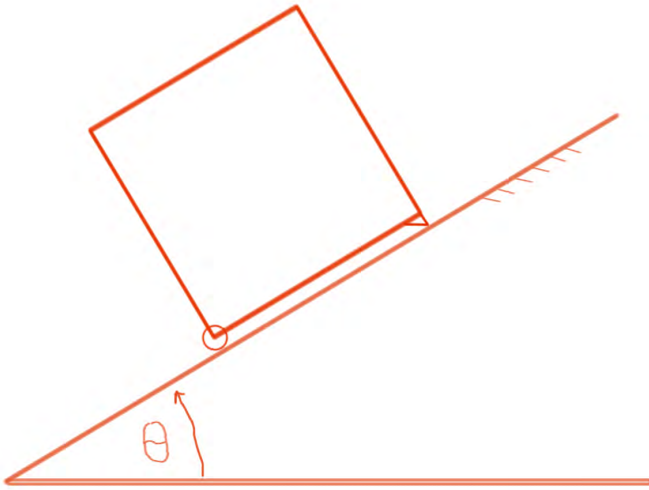
Problem 5:          /25

Problem 6:          /25

1) At the time of interest a uniform square suitcase with mass  $m$ , sides  $\ell$  and thickness  $d$  is rolling and sliding down a ramp with speed  $v > 0$ . The front wheels (downhill) are ideal massless wheels. The other end is sliding on a rubber stub with  $\mu = \tan(\phi) = 1$ . Do not neglect gravity  $g$ . Treat this as a 2D problem.

a) For  $\theta = 45^\circ$  find  $\dot{v}$ . Answer in terms of some or all of  $\ell$ ,  $d$ ,  $m$ ,  $g$  and  $v$ .

b) For what value of  $\theta$  is  $\dot{v} = 0$ ?



2) In terms of  $m_1$ ,  $m_2$  and  $F$  find  $a_B$ , the acceleration of B. Neglect gravity.

